# PE Anti-Human CD29 Monoclonal Antibody

 Catalog Number
 Vial Size

 H20291-09G
 25 tests

 H20291-09H
 100 tests



Market | 400-621-0003

marketing@sungenebiotech.com

Support | 022-66211636-8024

techsupport@sungenebiotech.com

Web | www.sungenebiotech.com

**Important Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

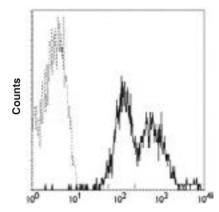
# **Purified Antibody Characterization**

Clone	Isotype	Reactivity
HI29a	Mouse IgG1	Human

### Description

CD29 is a 130 kD single chain type I glycoprotein, known as integrin  $\beta$ 1, VLA- $\beta$  chain, or gpIIa. It is broadly expressed on a majority of hematopoietic and non-hematopoietic cells, including leukocytes (although at low level on granulocytes), platelets, fibroblasts, endothelial cells, epithelial cells, and mast cells. CD29 is a member of the integrin family. It is non-covalently associated with integrin  $\alpha$ 1- $\alpha$ 6 chains to form VLA-1 to VLA-6 molecules, respectively. Integrins which include CD29 bind to several cell surface (e.g. VCAM-1, MadCAM-1) and extracellular matrix molecules. CD29 acts as a fibronectin receptor and is involved in a variety of cell-cell and cell-matrix interactions.

#### Illustration of Immunofluorescent Staining



Log Fluorscence Intensity

Human peripheral blood lymphocytes stained with PE anti-human CD29

### **Product Information**

Conjugation: PE

Formulation: PBS pH 7.2, 0.09% NaN<sub>3</sub>,

0.2% BSA

**Storage:** Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 4°C and protected from prolonged

exposure to light. Do not freeze.

**Application:** Recommended Application:FC

**Usage:** Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis (The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used from 20 μL to 5 μL per 100 μL of peripheral blood. Please check your vial). Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

#### References

[1] Hemler M. 1990. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 8:365.

[2] Hynes R. 1992. Cell 69:11.

### For Research Use Only.